

SFP-48BL35-10C

2.5Gbps SFP Transceiver, Single Mode, 10km Reach 1310nm TX / 1550nm RX

Features

- Supports up to 2.5Gbps bit rates
- Hot-pluggable SFP footprint
- 1310nm DFB laser and PIN photo detector, Up to 10km for SMF transmission
- Compliant with SFP MSA and SFF-8472 with duplex LC receptacle
- Compatible with RoHS
- Single +3.3V power supply
- Real Time Digital Diagnostic Monitoring
- Operating case temperature:

Standard: 0 to +70°C Industrial: -40 to +85°C

Applications

- SDH STM-16 and SONET OC-48 system
- 2x Fiber Channel
- Router/Server interface
- Other Optical links

Description

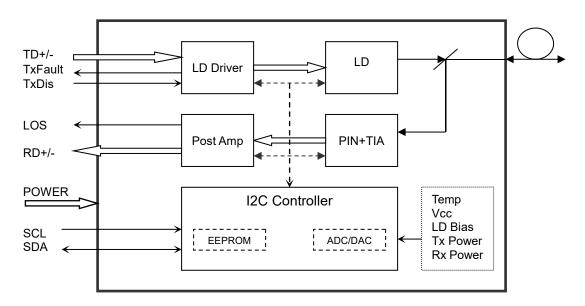
The SFP transceivers are high performance, cost effective modules supporting data rate of 2.5Gbps and 10km transmission distance with SMF.

The transceiver consists of three sections: a DFB laser transmitter, a PIN photodiode integrated with a trans-impedance preamplifier (TIA) and MCU control unit. All modules satisfy class I laser safety requirements.

The transceivers are compatible with SFP Multi-Source Agreement and SFF-8472 digital diagnostics functions.







Transceiver functional diagram

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 1 - Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit |
|---------------------|--------|------|-----|------|
| Supply Voltage | Vcc | -0.5 | 4.5 | V |
| Storage Temperature | Ts | -40 | +85 | °C |
| Operating Humidity | - | 5 | 85 | % |

Recommended Operating Environment

Table 2 - Recommended Operating Environment

| Parameter | | Symbol | Min | Typical | Max | Unit |
|----------------------------|------------|--------|-------|---------|-------|------|
| | Standard | Тс | 0 | | +70 | °C |
| Operating Case Temperature | Extended | | -20 | | +80 | °C |
| | Industrial | | -40 | | +85 | °C |
| Power Supply Voltage | | Vcc | 3.135 | 3.30 | 3.465 | V |
| Power Supply Current | | Icc | | | 300 | mA |
| Data Rate | | | | 2.5 | | Gbps |



Optical and Electrical Characteristics

SFP-48BL35-10C: (DFB and PIN, 1310nm, 10km Reach)

Table 3 - Optical and Electrical Characteristics

| Para | meter | Symbol | Min | Typical | Max | Unit | Notes |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------|---------|------|------|-------|
| | | | Transmi | itter | | | |
| Centre V | Vavelength | λς | 1260 | 1310 | 1360 | nm | |
| Spectral W | idth (-20dB) | Δλ | | | 1 | nm | |
| Side-Mode St | uppression Ratio | SMSR | 30 | | | dB | |
| Average 0 | Output Power | Pout | -5 | | 0 | dBm | 1 |
| Extinc | tion Ratio | ER | 9.0 | | | dB | |
| Data Input S | wing Differential | V _{IN} | 180 | | 1200 | mV | 2 |
| Input Differe | ntial Impedance | Z _{IN} | 90 | 100 | 110 | Ω | |
| TV D: 11 | Disable | | 2.0 | | Vcc | V | |
| TX Disable | Enable | | 0 | | 0.8 | V | |
| TV F It | Fault | | 2.0 | | Vcc | V | |
| TX Fault | Normal | | 0 | | 0.8 | V | |
| | , | | Receiv | er | | , , | |
| Centre V | Vavelength | λς | 1530 | 1550 | 1570 | nm | |
| Receive | r Sensitivity | | | | -18 | dBm | 3 |
| Receive | r Overload | | -1 | | | dBm | 3 |
| LOS De-Assert | | LOS _D | | | -20 | dBm | |
| LOS Assert | | LOSA | -38 | | | dBm | |
| LOS Hysteresis | | | 0.5 | | 4 | dB | |
| Data Output Swing Differential | | V _{out} | 600 | 800 | 1000 | mV | 4 |
| LOS | | High | 2.0 | | Vcc | V | |
| | | Low | | | 0.8 | V | |

Web: http://www.ascentoptics.com

Notes:

- 1. The optical power is launched into SMF.
- 2. PECL input, internally AC-coupled and terminated.
 3. Measured with a PRBS 2²³-1 test pattern @2488Mbps, BER ≤1×10⁻¹².
- 4. Internally AC-coupled.



Diagnostics

Table 4 – Diagnostics Specification

| Parameter | Range | Unit | Accuracy | Calibration | |
|--------------|------------|------|----------|-------------|--|
| | 0 to +70 | | | | |
| Temperature | -20 to +80 | °C | ±3°C | Internal | |
| | -40 to +85 | | | | |
| Voltage | 3.0 to 3.6 | V | ±3% | Internal | |
| Bias Current | 0 to 100 | mA | ±10% | Internal | |
| TX Power | -5 to 0 | dBm | ±3dB | Internal | |
| RX Power | -23 to -1 | dBm | ±3dB | Internal | |

Timing and Electrical

Table 5 - Timing and Electrical

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typical | Max | Unit |
|---|----------------|-----|---------|-----|------|
| Tx Disable Negate Time | t_on | | | 1 | ms |
| Tx Disable Assert Time | t_off | | | 10 | μs |
| Time To Initialize, including Reset of Tx Fault | t_init | | | 300 | ms |
| Tx Fault Assert Time | t_fault | | | 100 | μs |
| Tx Disable To Reset | t_reset | 10 | | | μs |
| LOS Assert Time | t_loss_on | | | 100 | μs |
| LOS De-assert Time | t_loss_off | | | 100 | μs |
| Serial ID Clock Rate | f_serial_clock | | 100 | 400 | KHz |
| MOD_DEF (0:2)-High | V _H | 2 | | Vcc | V |
| MOD_DEF (0:2)-Low | V _L | | | 0.8 | V |

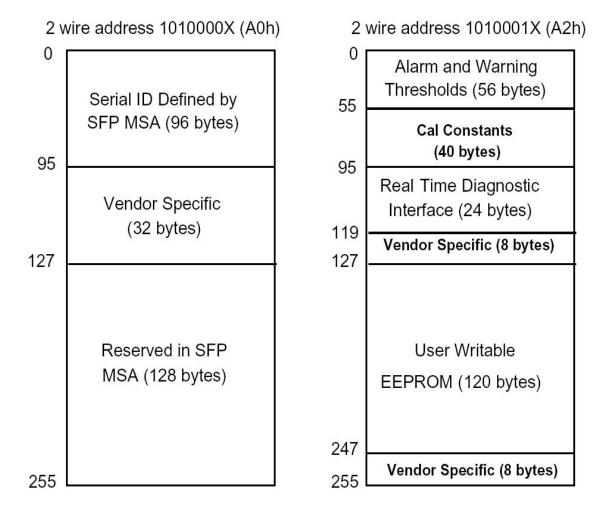


Digital Diagnostic Memory Map

The transceivers provide serial ID memory contents and diagnostic information about the present operating conditions by the 2-wire serial interface (SCL, SDA).

The diagnostic information with internal calibration or external calibration all are implemented, including received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring.

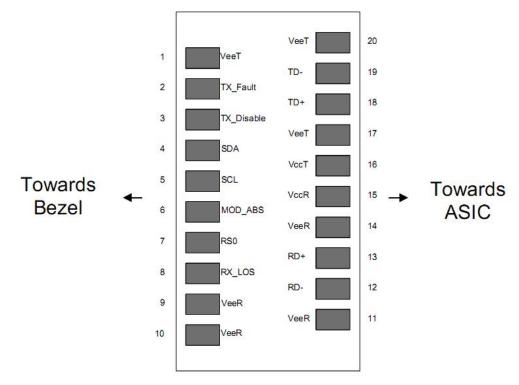
The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field defines as following.





Pin Assignment

Pin Diagram



Pin Descriptions

| Pin | Signal Name | Description | Plug Seq. | Notes |
|-----|------------------|---|-----------|--------|
| 1 | V _{EET} | Transmitter Ground | 1 | |
| 2 | TX FAULT | Transmitter Fault Indication | 3 | Note 1 |
| 3 | TX DISABLE | Transmitter Disable | 3 | Note 2 |
| 4 | SDA | SDA Serial Data Signal | 3 | |
| 5 | SCL | SCL Serial Clock Signal | 3 | |
| 6 | MOD_ABS | Module Absent. Grounded within the module | 3 | |
| 7 | RS0 | Not Connected | 3 | |
| 8 | LOS | Loss of Signal | 3 | Note 3 |
| 9 | V _{EER} | Receiver ground | 1 | |
| 10 | V _{EER} | Receiver ground | 1 | |
| 11 | V _{EER} | Receiver ground | 1 | |
| 12 | RD- | Inv. Received Data Out | 3 | Note 4 |
| 13 | RD+ | Received Data Out | 3 | Note 4 |
| 14 | V _{EER} | Receiver ground | 1 | |
| 15 | V _{CCR} | Receiver Power Supply | 2 | |



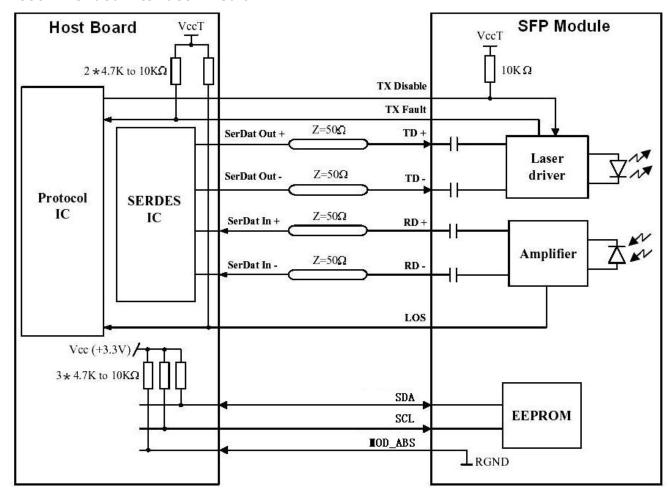
| 16 | V _{ССТ} | Transmitter Power Supply | 2 | |
|----|------------------|--------------------------|---|--------|
| 17 | V _{EET} | Transmitter Ground | 1 | |
| 18 | TD+ | Transmit Data In | 3 | Note 5 |
| 19 | TD- | Inv. Transmit Data In | 3 | Note 5 |
| 20 | V _{EET} | Transmitter Ground | 1 | |

Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

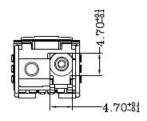
- 1) TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; Logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 2) Laser output disabled on TDIS >2.0V or open, enabled on TDIS <0.8V.
- 3) LOS is open collector output. Should be pulled up with 4.7k~10kΩ on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal.
- 4) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are internally AC-coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES.
- 5) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are internally AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module.

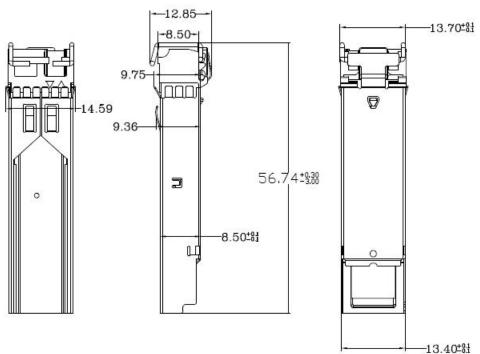
Recommended Interface Circuit





Mechanical Dimensions





Ordering information

| Part Number | Product Description | | |
|-----------------|---|--|--|
| SFP-48BL35-10CC | Tx1310nm/Rx1550nm, 2.5Gbps, LC, 10km, 0°C~+70°C, with DDM | | |
| SFP-48BL35-10CI | Tx1310nm/Rx1550nm, 2.5Gbps, LC, 10km, -40°C~+85°C, with DDM | | |

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