

#### SFP-24BS53-40C

1.25Gbps SFP Bi-Directional Transceiver, 40km Reach 1550nm TX / 1310 nm RX

#### **Features**

- Dual data-rate of 1.25Gbps/1.063Gbps operation
- 1550nm DFB laser and PIN photodetector for 40km

#### transmission

Compliant with SFP MSA and SFF-8472 with simplex

#### SC receptacle

- Digital Diagnostic Monitoring:
  Internal Calibration or External Calibration
- Compatible with SONET OC-24-LR-1
- Compatible with RoHS
- +3.3V single power supply
- Operating case temperature:

Standard: 0 to +70°C

## **Applications**

- Gigabit Ethernet
- Fiber Channel
- Switch to Switch interface
- Switched backplane applications
- Router/Server interface
- Other optical transmission systems

### **Description**

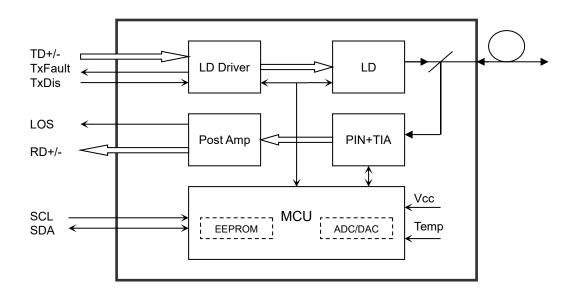
The SFP-BIDI transceivers are high performance, cost effective modules supporting dual data-rate of 1.25Gbps/1.0625Gbps and 40km transmission distance with SMF.

The transceiver consists of three sections: a DFB laser transmitter, a PIN photodiode integrated with a trans-impedance preamplifier (TIA) and MCU control unit. All modules satisfy class I laser safety requirements.

The transceivers are compatible with SFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) and SFF-8472. For further



information, please refer to SFP MSA.



## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

**Table 1 - Absolute Maximum Ratings** 

Table 1 7 to o late maximum ratings				
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	4.5	V
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	°C
Operating Humidity	-	5	85	%

## **Recommended Operating Environment**

**Table 2 - Recommended Operating Environment** 

Parameter			Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	
Operating Cas	se Temperature	Standard	Tc	0		+70	°C	
Power Supply Voltage		Vcc	3.13	3.3	3.47	V		
Power Supply	wer Supply Current		Icc			300	mA	
Data Rate	Gigabit Ethernet				1.25		Char	
Dala Rale	Fiber Channel				1.063		Gbps	



## **Optical and Electrical Characteristics**

SFP-24BS53-40C: (DFB and PIN, 40km Reach)

**Table 3 - Optical and Electrical Characteristics** 

Parai	meter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
			Transmi	tter			
Centre V	Vavelength	λς	1530	1550	1570	nm	
Spectral V	Vidth (-20dB)	Δλ			1	nm	
Side Mode Su	ıppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	
Average C	Output Power	Pout	-5		0	dBm	1
Extinct	tion Ratio	ER	9			dB	
Optical Rise/Fal	I Time (20%~80%)	tr/tf			0.26	ns	
Data Input Sv	wing Differential	V <sub>IN</sub>	400		1800	mV	2
Input Differer	ntial Impedance	Z <sub>IN</sub>	90	100	110	Ω	
TV D: 11	Disable		2.0		Vcc	V	
TX Disable	Enable		0		0.8	V	
TV 5 11	Fault		2.0		Vcc	V	
TX Fault	Normal		0		0.8	V	
			Receiv	er			
Centre V	Vavelength	λς	1260		1360	nm	
Receiver	Sensitivity				-23	dBm	3
Receive	r Overload		-3			dBm	3
LOS	e-Assert	LOS <sub>D</sub>			-24	dBm	
LOS	Assert	LOSA	-30			dBm	
LOS H	ysteresis		1		4	dB	
Data Output S	Swing Differential	Vout	400		1800	mV	4
1	00	High	2.0		Vcc	V	
L	.OS	Low			0.8	V	

#### Notes:

- 1. The optical power is launched into SMF.
- 2. PECL input, internally AC-coupled and terminated.
- 3. Measured with a PRBS 2<sup>7</sup>-1 test pattern @1250Mbps, BER ≤1×10<sup>-12</sup>.
- 4. Internally AC-coupled.



# **Diagnostics**

**Table 5 – Diagnostics Specification** 

Parameter	Range	Unit	Accuracy	Calibration
Temperature	0 to +70	°C	±3°C	Internal / External
Voltage	3.0 to 3.6	V	±3%	Internal / External
Bias Current	0 to 100	mA	±10%	Internal / External
TX Power	-5 to 0	dBm	±3dB	Internal / External
RX Power	-23 to -3	dBm	±3dB	Internal / External

# **Timing and Electrical**

**Table 4 - Timing and Electrical** 

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Tx Disable Negate Time	t_on			1	ms
Tx Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	μs
Time To Initialize, including Reset of Tx Fault	t_init			300	ms
Tx Fault Assert Time	t_fault			100	μs
Tx Disable To Reset	t_reset	10			μs
LOS Assert Time	t_loss_on			100	μs
LOS De-assert Time	t_loss_off			100	μs
Serial ID Clock Rate	f_serial_clock			400	KHz
MOD_DEF (0:2)-High	V <sub>H</sub>	2		Vcc	V
MOD_DEF (0:2)-Low	VL			0.8	V



## **Digital Diagnostic Memory Map**

The transceivers provide serial ID memory contents and diagnostic information about the present operating conditions by the 2-wire serial interface (SCL, SDA).

The diagnostic information with internal calibration or external calibration all are implemented, including received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring.

The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field defines as following.

2 v	vire address 1010000X (A0h	) 2	wire address 1010001X (A2h)
0	Serial ID Defined by	0 55	Alarm and Warning Thresholds (56 bytes)
95	SFP MSA (96 bytes)	95	Cal Constants (40 bytes)
	Vendor Specific (32 bytes)	119	Real Time Diagnostic Interface (24 bytes)
127	(02 2)(00)	. 127	Vendor Specific (8 bytes)
	Reserved in SFP MSA (128 bytes)		User Writable EEPROM (120 bytes)
255		247 255	Vendor Specific (8 bytes)



# **Pin Assignment**

Pin Diagram

		] [
20	VeeT	1 VeeT
19	TD-	2 TxFault
18	TD+	3 Tx Disable
17	VeeT	4 MOD-DEF(2)
16	VccT	5 MOD-DEF(1)
15	VccR	6 MOD-DEF(0)
14	VeeR	7 Rate Select
13	RD+	8 LOS
12	RD-	9 VeeR
11	VeeR	10 VeeR
	Top of Board	Bottom of Board (as viewed thru top of board)



## **Pin Descriptions**

Pin	Signal Name	Description	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	V <sub>EET</sub>	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX FAULT	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Note 1
3	TX DISABLE	Transmitter Disable	3	Note 2
4	MOD_DEF(2)	SDA Serial Data Signal	3	Note 3
5	MOD_DEF(1)	SCL Serial Clock Signal	3	Note 3
6	MOD_DEF(0)	TTL Low	3	Note 3
7	Rate Select	Not Connected	3	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	Note 4
9	V <sub>EER</sub>	Receiver ground	1	
10	V <sub>EER</sub>	Receiver ground	1	
11	V <sub>EER</sub>	Receiver ground	1	
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	Note 5
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	Note 5
14	V <sub>EER</sub>	Receiver ground	1	
15	Vccr	Receiver Power Supply	2	
16	V <sub>CCT</sub>	Transmitter Power Supply	2	
17	V <sub>EET</sub>	Transmitter Ground	1	
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
20	V <sub>EET</sub>	Transmitter Ground	1	

#### Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

- 1) TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; Logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 2) TX Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a  $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$  resistor. Its states are:

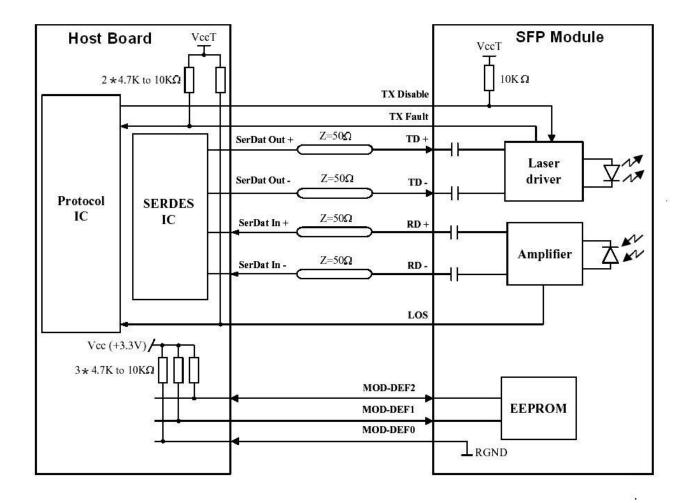
Low (0 to 0.8V): Transmitter on (>0.8V, < 2.0V): Undefined

High (2.0 to 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled Open: Transmitter Disabled

- 3) Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR.
  - Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present
  - Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID
  - Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID
- 4) LOS is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 1 indicates loss of signal; Logic 0 indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 5) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are internally AC-coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with  $100\Omega$  (differential) at the user SERDES.
- 6) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are internally AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module.

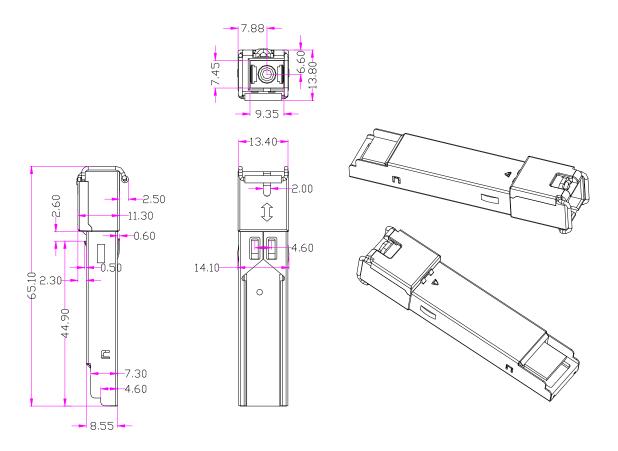


## **Recommended Interface Circuit**





#### **Mechanical Dimensions**



## **Ordering information**

Part Number	Product Description		
SFP-24BS53-40CC	1550nm/1310nm, 1.25Gbps, SC, 40km, 0°C~+70°C, with DDM		
SFP-24BS53-40CT	1550nm/1310nm, 1.25Gbps, SC, 40km, -40°C~+85°C, with DDM		

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