

SFP-10SM55-40C

10.3Gbps SFP+ Transceiver, Single Mode, 40km Reach

Features

- Supports up to 10.7Gbps bit rates
- Hot-pluggable SFP+ footprint
- Un-cooled 1550nm Cooled EML laser and PIN photodiode,
 Up to 40km for SMF transmission
- Compliant with SFP+ MSA and SFF-8472 with duplex LC receptacle
- Compatible with RoHS
- Single +3.3V power supply
- Real Time Digital Diagnostic Monitoring
- Operating case temperature:

Standard: 0 to +70°C



Applications

- 10Gbps Optical systems
- 10GBASE-ER at 10.3125Gbps
- 10GBASE-EW at 9.953Gbps
- LTE systems
- Other Optical links

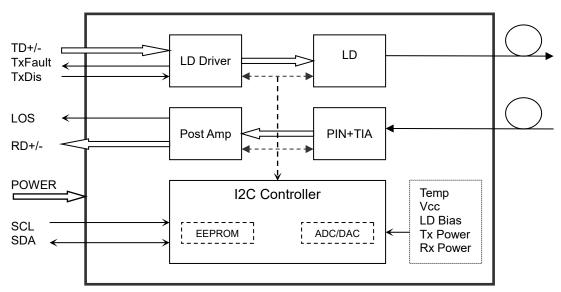
Description

The SFP+ transceivers are high performance, cost effective modules supporting data rate of 10Gbps and 40km transmission distance with SMF.

The transceiver consists of three sections: a Cooled EML laser transmitter, a PIN photodiode integrated with a trans-impedance preamplifier (TIA) and MCU control unit. All modules satisfy class I laser safety requirements.

The transceivers are compatible with SFP Multi-Source Agreement and SFF-8472 digital diagnostics functions.





Transceiver functional diagram

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 1 - Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit |
|---------------------|--------|------|-----|------|
| Supply Voltage | Vcc | -0.5 | 4.5 | V |
| Storage Temperature | Ts | -40 | +85 | °C |
| Operating Humidity | - | 5 | 85 | % |

Recommended Operating Environment

Table 2 - Recommended Operating Environment

| Table 2 Tree-chimenaea e-peraring Environment | | | | | | |
|---|--------|-------|---------|-------|------|--|
| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typical | Max | Unit | |
| Operating Case Temperature | Tc | 0 | | +70 | °C | |
| Power Supply Voltage | Vcc | 3.135 | 3.30 | 3.465 | V | |
| Power Supply Current | Icc | | | 550 | mA | |
| Data Rate | | 1.0 | 10.3 | 10.7 | Gbps | |



Optical and Electrical Characteristics

SFP-10SM55-40C: (EML1550nm and PIN, 1550nm, 40km Reach)

Table 3 - Optical and Electrical Characteristics

| Para | meter | Symbol | Min | Typical | Max | Unit | Notes |
|----------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------|---------|-------|------|-------|
| | | | Transmi | tter | | | |
| Centre \ | Vavelength | λς | 1530 | 1550 | 1565 | nm | |
| Spectral W | idth (-20dB) | Δλ | | | 1 | nm | |
| Side-Mode Si | uppression Ratio | SMSR | 30 | - | | dB | |
| Average (| Output Power | P _{out} | -1 | | +2 | dBm | 1 |
| Extino | tion Ratio | ER | 6.0 | | | dB | |
| Data Input S | wing Differential | Vin | 180 | | 850 | mV | 2 |
| Input Differe | ntial Impedance | Z _{IN} | 90 | 100 | 110 | Ω | |
| TX Disable | Disable | | 2.0 | | Vcc | V | |
| I A DISAble | Enable | | 0 | | 0.8 | V | |
| TX Fault | Fault | | 2.0 | | Vcc | V | |
| I A Fauit | Normal | | 0 | | 0.8 | V | |
| | | | Receiv | er | | | |
| Centre \ | Wavelength | λc | 1260 | | 1600 | nm | |
| Receive | r Sensitivity | | | | -15.5 | dBm | 3 |
| Receive | er Overload | | 0.5 | | | dBm | 3 |
| LOS De-Assert | | LOS _D | | | -17 | dBm | |
| LOS Assert | | LOS _A | -28 | | | dBm | |
| LOS Hysteresis | | | 0.5 | | 4 | dB | |
| Data Output S | Data Output Swing Differential | | 300 | | 900 | mV | 4 |
| | 00 | High | 2.0 | | Vcc | V | |
| L | LOS | | | | 0.8 | V | |

Notes:

- 1. The optical power is launched into SMF.
- PECL input, internally AC-coupled and terminated.
 Measured with a PRBS 2³¹-1 test pattern @10312Mbps, BER ≤1×10⁻¹².
- 4. Internally AC-coupled.



Diagnostics

Table 4 – Diagnostics Specification

| Parameter | Range | Unit | Accuracy | Calibration |
|--------------|------------|------|----------|-------------|
| Temperature | 0 to +70 | °C | ±3°C | Internal |
| Voltage | 3.0 to 3.6 | V | ±3% | Internal |
| Bias Current | 0 to 100 | mA | ±10% | Internal |
| TX Power | -1 to +2 | dBm | ±3dB | Internal |
| RX Power | -16 to -1 | dBm | ±3dB | Internal |

Timing and Electrical

Table 5 - Timing and Electrical

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typical | Max | Unit |
|---|----------------|-----|---------|-----|------|
| Tx Disable Negate Time | t_on | | | 1 | ms |
| Tx Disable Assert Time | t_off | | | 10 | μs |
| Time To Initialize, including Reset of Tx Fault | t_init | | | 300 | ms |
| Tx Fault Assert Time | t_fault | | | 100 | μs |
| Tx Disable To Reset | t_reset | 10 | | | μs |
| LOS Assert Time | t_loss_on | | | 100 | μs |
| LOS De-assert Time | t_loss_off | | | 100 | μs |
| Serial ID Clock Rate | f_serial_clock | | 100 | 400 | KHz |
| MOD_DEF (0:2)-High | V _H | 2 | | Vcc | V |
| MOD_DEF (0:2)-Low | VL | | | 0.8 | V |

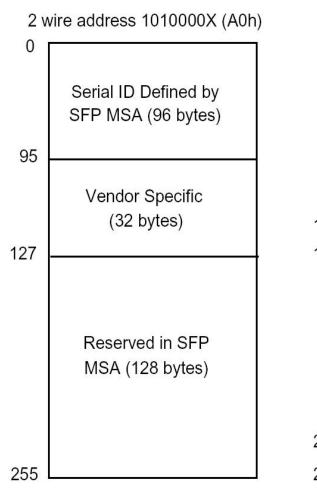


Digital Diagnostic Memory Map

The transceivers provide serial ID memory contents and diagnostic information about the present operating conditions by the 2-wire serial interface (SCL, SDA).

The diagnostic information with internal calibration or external calibration all are implemented, including received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring.

The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field defines as following.

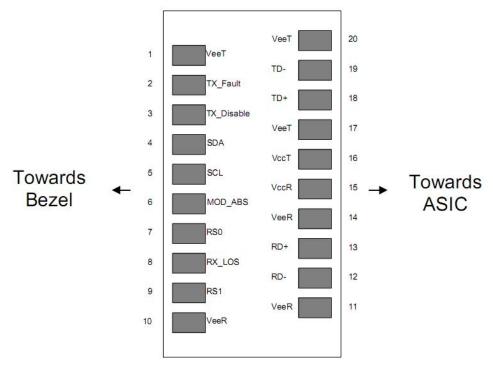


| | wire address 1010001X (A2h) |
|------------|--|
| 55 | Alarm and Warning Thresholds (56 bytes) |
| 95 | Cal Constants (40 bytes) |
| | Real Time Diagnostic Interface (24 bytes) |
| 119 127 | Vendor Specific (8 bytes) |
| | User Writable EEPROM (120 bytes) |
| 247 | LLI NOW (120 bytes) |
| 255 | Vendor Specific (8 bytes) |



Pin Assignment

Pin Diagram



Pin Descriptions

Table 6- Pin Descriptions

| Pin | Signal Name | Description | Plug Seq. | Notes |
|-----|------------------|---|-----------|--------|
| 1 | V _{EET} | Transmitter Ground | 1 | |
| 2 | TX FAULT | Transmitter Fault Indication | 3 | Note 1 |
| 3 | TX DISABLE | Transmitter Disable | 3 | Note 2 |
| 4 | SDA | SDA Serial Data Signal | 3 | |
| 5 | SCL | SCL Serial Clock Signal | 3 | |
| 6 | MOD_ABS | Module Absent. Grounded within the module | 3 | |
| 7 | RS0 | Not Connected | 3 | |
| 8 | LOS | Loss of Signal | 3 | Note 3 |
| 9 | RS1 | Not Connected | 3 | |
| 10 | V _{EER} | Receiver ground | 1 | |
| 11 | V _{EER} | Receiver ground | 1 | |
| 12 | RD- | Inv. Received Data Out | 3 | Note 4 |
| 13 | RD+ | Received Data Out | 3 | Note 4 |
| 14 | V _{EER} | Receiver ground | 1 | |
| 15 | V _{CCR} | Receiver Power Supply | 2 | |
| 16 | Vccт | Transmitter Power Supply | 2 | |



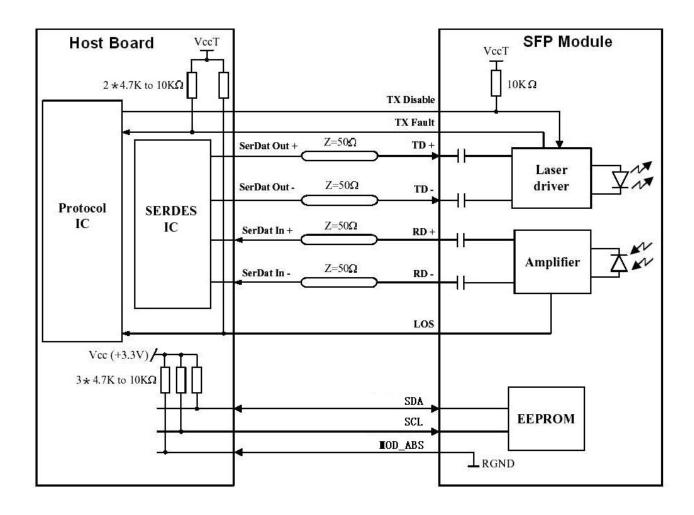
| 17 | V _{EET} | Transmitter Ground | 1 | |
|----|------------------|-----------------------|---|--------|
| 18 | TD+ | Transmit Data In | 3 | Note 5 |
| 19 | TD- | Inv. Transmit Data In | 3 | Note 5 |
| 20 | V _{EET} | Transmitter Ground | 1 | |

Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

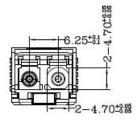
- 1) TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; Logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 2) Laser output disabled on TDIS >2.0V or open, enabled on TDIS <0.8V.
- 3) LOS is open collector output. Should be pulled up with 4.7k~10kΩ on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal.
- 4) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are internally AC-coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES.
- 5) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are internally AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module.

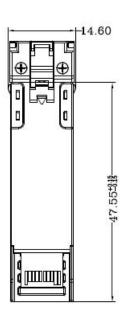
Recommended Interface Circuit

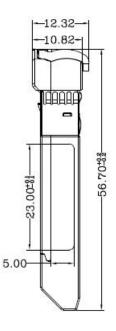


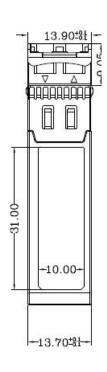


Mechanical Dimensions









Ordering information

Table 7- Ordering information

| Part Number | Product Description |
|-----------------|---|
| SFP-10SM55-40CC | 1550nm, 10.3Gbps, LC, 40km, 0°C~+70°C, with DDM |

Ascent Optics reserves the right to make changes to the product(s) or information contained herein without notice. No liability is assumed as a result of their use or application. No rights under any patent accompany the sale of any such product(s) or information. Edition: Apr. 2019 Published by Ascent Optics Co., Ltd. Copyright © Ascent Optics All Rights Reserved.

E-mail: sales@ascentoptics.com Web: http://www.ascentoptics.com