

## **QSP-100BD89-H1CLS**

100Gbps QSFP28 Bi-Directional Transceiver, 100m Reach

### **Features**

- QSFP28 MSA compliant
- Support 100GE aggregate bit rates
- Support KP4 FEC @ 100G data rate
- Two independent full-duplex channels
- Up to 100m OM4 MMF transmission
- Operating case temperature: -10 to 60 <sup>∞</sup> @ 100G
- Single 3.3V power supply
- Maximum power consumption 4W
- LC optical connector
- RoHS-6 compliant

# **Applications**

- 100G Ethernet
- Data Center
- Infiniband HDR

# **General Description**

This product can support 100Gb/s bit rates. It is a parallel Quad Small Form-factor Pluggable (QSFP28) Bi-Direction optical module. The module integrates four host electrical data into two optical lanes (by Dual Wavelength VCSEL Bi-Directional Optical Interface, 850nm and 900nm) to allow optical communication over a 2-fiber duplex LC optical multi-mode fiber. Reversely, on the receiver side, the module de-multiplexes 2 sets of optical input signal and converts them to 4 channels of electrical data.

An optical fiber ribbon cable with an LC connector can be plugged into the QSFP28 module receptacle. Proper alignment is ensured by the guide pins inside the receptacle. The cable usually cannot be twisted for proper channel to channel alignment. Electrical connection is achieved through an MSA-compliant 38-pin edge type connector.

The module operates by a single +3.3V power supply. LVCMOS/LVTTL global control signals, such as Module Present, Reset, Interrupt and Low Power Mode, are available with the modules. A 2-wire serial

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interface is available to send and receive more complex control signals, and to receive digital diagnostic information. Individual channels can be addressed and unused channels can be shut down for maximum design flexibility.

The product is designed with form factor, optical/electrical connection and digital diagnostic interface according to the QSFP28 Multi-Source Agreement (MSA). It has been designed to meet the harshest external operating conditions including temperature, humidity and EMI interference. The module offers very high functionality and feature integration, accessible via a two-wire serial interface.

# **Functional Description**

This product can support 100Gb/s bit rates. It is a parallel Quad Small Form-factor Pluggable (QSFP28) Bi-Direction optical module. The module integrates four host electrical data into two optical lanes (by Dual Wavelength VCSEL Bi-Directional Optical Interface, 850nm and 900nm) to allow optical communication over a 2-fiber duplex LC optical multi-mode fiber. Reversely, on the receiver side, the module de-multiplexes 2 sets of optical input signal and converts them to 4 channels of electrical data. The receiver module outputs electrical signals are also voltage compatible with Common Mode Logic (CML) levels. Figure 1 shows the functional block diagram of this product.

A single +3.3V power supply is required to power up the module. Both power supply pins VccTx and VccRx are internally connected and should be applied concurrently. As per MSA specifications the module offers 7 low speed hardware control pins (including the 2-wire serial interface): ModSelL, SCL, SDA, ResetL, LPMode, ModPrsL and IntL.

Module Select (ModSelL) is an input pin. When held low by the host, the module responds to 2-wire serial communication commands. The ModSelL allows the use of multiple QSFP28 modules on a single 2-wire interface bus – individual ModSelL lines for each QSFP28 module must be used.

Serial Clock (SCL) and Serial Data (SDA) are required for the 2-wire serial bus communication interface and enable the host to access the QSFP28 memory map.

The ResetL pin enables a complete module reset, returning module settings to their default state, when a low level on the ResetL pin is held for longer than the minimum pulse length. During the execution of a reset the host shall disregard all status bits until the module indicates a completion of the reset interrupt. The module indicates this by posting an IntL (Interrupt) signal with the Data\_Not\_Ready bit negated in the memory map. Note that on power up (including hot insertion) the module should post this completion of reset interrupt without requiring a reset.

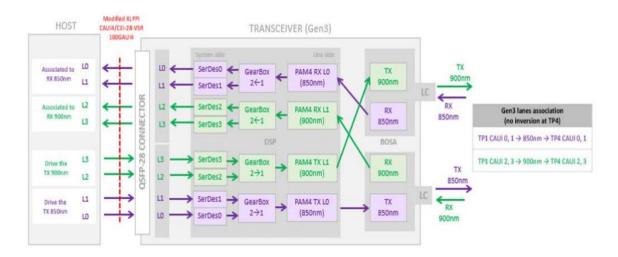
Low Power Mode (LPMode) pin is used to set the maximum power consumption for the module in order to protect hosts that are not capable of cooling higher power modules, should such modules be accidentally inserted.

Module Present (ModPrsL) is a signal local to the host board which, in the absence of a module, is normally pulled up to the host Vcc. When a module is inserted into the connector, it completes the path



to ground through a resistor on the host board and asserts the signal. ModPrsL then indicates a module is present by setting ModPrsL to a "Low" state.

Interrupt (IntL) is an output pin. Low indicates a possible module operational fault or a status critical to the host system. The host identifies the source of the interrupt using the 2-wire serial interface. The IntL pin is an open collector output and must be pulled to the Host Vcc voltage on the Host board.



**Transceiver Block Diagram** 

# **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

It has to be noted that the operation in excess of any individual absolute maximum ratings might cause permanent damage to this module

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	degC
Operating Case Temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>	10	70	degC
Power Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.5	3.6	V
Relative Humidity (non- condensation)	RH	0	85	%
Damage Threshold	TH₀	5		dBm



# **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parai	neter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
	perating erature	T <sub>OP</sub>	10		+60	degC	
Power Sup	ply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	3.135	3.3	+3.465	V	
Data Rate	Accuracy		-100		100	ppm	
Pre-FEC Bi	t Error Ratio				2.4x10 <sup>-4</sup>		
Post-FEC B	it Error Ratio				1x10 <sup>-12</sup>		1
Control Input	Voltage High		2		Vcc	V	
Control Input	Voltage Low		0		0.8	V	
	ОМЗ	D1			70	m	2
Link Distance	OM4	D2			100	m	2
	OM5	D3			150	m	2

#### Notes:

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# **Optical Characteristics**

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Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Note	
Transmitter							
Optical Wavelength Line0	λο	844		863	nm		
Optical Wavelength Line1	λς	900		918	nm		
RMS Spectral Width	Δλ rms			λ 1: 0.6 λ 2: 0.65	nm		
Average Optical Power per Channel	P <sub>AVG</sub>	-6.2		+4.0	dBm		
Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA), each Lane	P <sub>OMA</sub>	-4.2		3	dBm	1	
Peak Power, each lane				-	dBm		
Launch power in OMA minus TDP, each lane		-5.6			dBm		
TDECQ, each lane				4.5	dB		
Extinction Ratio	ER	3.0			dB		

<sup>1.</sup> FEC provided by host system.

<sup>2.</sup> FEC required on host system to support maximum distance.



#### **Product Datasheet**

Transmitter Transition Time, each lane (max)				31	ps			
RIN12 OMA				-128	dB/Hz			
Optical Return Loss Tolerance	TOL			12	dB			
Average Launch	Poff			-30	dBm			
Power OFF Transmitter, each Lane								
Encircled Flux			≥ 86% at 19 ₃ ≨ 30% at 4.5			2		
Signaling rate, each lane		26	6.5625± 100p	opm	Gbps			
Receiver								
Optical Center Wavelength Line0	λο	844	850	863	nm			
Optical Center Wavelength Line1	λς	900	910	918	nm			
Damage Threshold, each Lane	TH₀	5			dBm	3		
Average Receive Power, each lane		-8.2			dBm	4		
Average power at Receiver Input, each lane (overload)				4	dBm			
Receiver Reflectance	R <sub>R</sub>			-12	dB			
Stressed Receiver Sensitivity in OMA, Lane2				-3.5	dBm	5		
Receiver Sensitivity (OMA outer), each lane				Max (-6.6, SECQ - 8) as per IEEE cl 150	dBm			
LOS Assert	LOSA	-30		-14.2	dBm			
LOS Deassert	LOSD			-11.2	dBm			
LOS Hysteresis	LOSH	0.5			dB			

#### Note:

- 1. Even if the mTDEC<0.9 dB, the OMA (min) must exceed this value.
- 2. If measured into type A1a.2 50um fiber in accordance with IEC 61280-1-4.
- 3. The receiver shall be able to tolerate, without damage, continuous exposure to a modulated optical input signal having this power level on one lane. The receiver does not have to operate correctly at this input power.
- 4. Average receive power, each lane (min) is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength. A received power below this value cannot be compliant; however, a value above this does not ensure compliance.
- 5. Measured with conformance test signal at TP3 as per following:

Stressed eye closure (SECq), each lane	4.5	dB





OMA of each aggressor, each lane	3	dBm

### **Electrical Characteristics**

The following electrical characteristics are defined over the Recommended Operating Environment unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Test Point	Min	Typical	Max	Units	Notes
Power Dissipation				4	W	
Supply Current	Icc			1.21	Α	
	Tran	smitter	(each Lane	)		
Overload Differential Voltage pk- pk	TP1a	900			mV	
Common Mode Voltage (Vcm)	TP1	-350		2850	mV	1
Differential Termination Resistance Mismatch	TP1			10	%	At 1MHz
Differential Return Loss (SDD11)	TP1			See CEI- 28G-VSR Equation 13- 19	dB	
Common Mode to Differential conversion and Differential to Common Mode conversion (SDC11, SCD11)	TP1			See CEI- 28G-VSR Equation 13-20	dB	
Stressed Input Test	TP1a	See CEI- 28G- VSR Section 13.3.11. 2.1				
	Re	ceiver (	each Lane)			
Differential Voltage pk-pk	TP4			900	mV	
Common Mode Voltage (Vcm)	TP4	-350		2850	mV	1
Common Mode Noise, RMS	TP4			17.5	mV	
Differential Termination Resistance Mismatch	TP4			10	%	At 1MHz
Differential Return Loss (SDD22)	TP4			See CEI- 28G-VSR Equation 13-19	dB	
Common Mode to Differential conversion and Differential to Common Mode conversion (SDC22, SCD22)	TP4			See CEI- 28G-VSR Equation 13-21	dB	
Common Mode Return	TP4			-2	dB	2

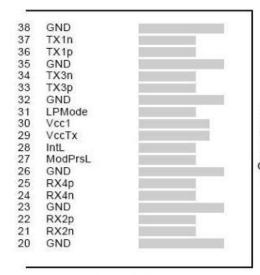


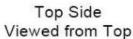
Loss (SCC22)					
Transition Time, 20 to 80%	TP4	9.5		ps	
Vertical Eye Closure (VEC)	TP4		5.5	dB	
Eye Width at 10 <sup>-15</sup> Probability (EW15)	TP4	0.57		UI	
Eye Width at 10 <sup>-15</sup> Probability (EH15)	TP4	228		mV	

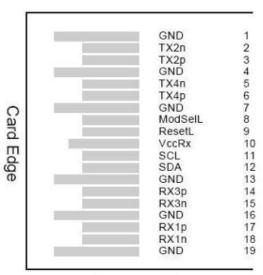
#### Notes:

- 1. Vcm is generated by the host. Specification includes effects of ground offset voltage.
- 2. From 250MHz to 30GHz.

# **Pin Assignment**







Bottom Side Viewed from Bottom

### **MSA Compliant Connector**

# **Pin Definition**

Pin	Logic	Symbol	Name/Description	Note
1		GND	Ground	1
2	CML-I	Tx2n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	
3	CML-I	Tx2p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data output	
4		GND	Ground	1
5	CML-I	Tx4n	Transmitter Inverted Data Input	
6	CML-I	Tx4p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Output	



#### **Product Datasheet**

7		GND	Ground	1
8	LVTTL-I	ModSelL	Module Select	
9	LVTTL-I	ResetL	Module Reset	
10		VccRx	+3.3V Power Supply Receiver	2
11	LVCMOS-I/O	SCL	2-Wire Serial Interface Clock	
12	LVCMOS-I/O	SDA	2-Wire Serial Interface Data	
13		GND	Ground	
14	CML-O	Rx3p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	
15	CML-O	Rx3n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	
16		GND	Ground	1
17	CML-O	Rx1p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	
18	CML-O	Rx1n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	
19		GND	Ground	1
20		GND	Ground	1
21	CML-O	Rx2n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	
22	CML-O	Rx2p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	
23		GND	Ground	1
24	CML-O	Rx4n	Receiver Inverted Data Output	1
25	CML-O	Rx4p	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output	
26		GND	Ground	1
27	LVTTL-O	ModPrsL	Module Present	
28	LVTTL-O	IntL	Interrupt	
29		VccTx	+3.3V Power Supply Transmitter	2
30		Vcc1	+3.3V Power Supply	2
31	LVTTL-I	LPMode	Low Power Mode	
32		GND	Ground	1
33	CML-I	Tx3p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	
34	CML-I	Tx3n	Transmitter Inverted Data Output	
35		GND	Ground	1
36	CML-I	Tx1p	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input	
37	CML-I	Tx1n	Transmitter Inverted Data Output	
38		GND	Ground	1

#### Notes:

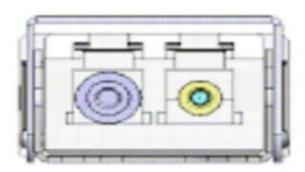
GND is the symbol for signal and supply (power) common for QSFP28 modules. All are common within the QSFP28 module and all module voltages are referenced to this potential unless otherwise noted. Connect these directly to the host board signal common ground plane.

2. VccRx, Vcc1 and VccTx are the receiver and transmitter power suppliers and shall be applied concurrently. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown in Figure 4 below. Vcc Rx, Vcc1 and Vcc Tx may be internally connected within the QSFP28 transceiver module in any combination. The connector pins are each rated for a maximum current of 1000mA.



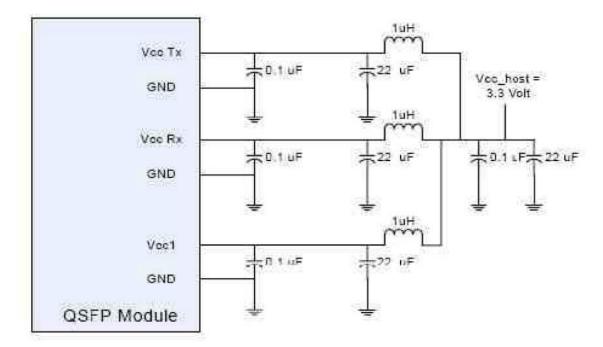
# **Optical Interface Lanes and Assignment**

The following figure shows the orientation of the multi-mode fiber facets of the optical connector. Table 1 provides the lane assignment.



**Outside View of the QSFP28 Module LC Receptacle** 

# **Recommended Power Supply Filter**





# **Digital Diagnostic Functions**

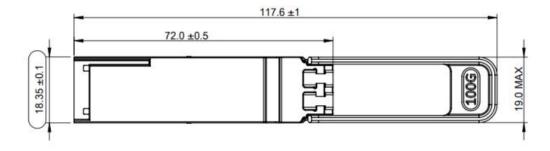
The following digital diagnostic characteristics are defined over the Recommended Operating Environment unless otherwise specified. It is compliant to SFF-8436.

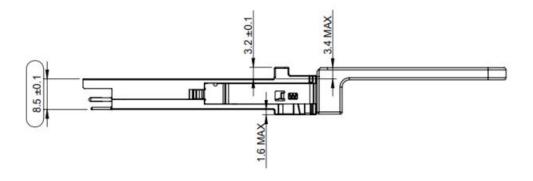
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units	Notes
Temperature monitor absolute error	DMI_Temp	-3	3	degC	1
Supply voltage monitor absolute error	DMI_VCC	-0.15	0.15	V	2
Channel RX power monitor absolute error	DMI_RX_Ch	-2	2	dB	3
Channel Bias current monitor	DMI_lbias_Ch	-10%	10%	mA	4
Channel TX power monitor absolute error	DMI_TX_Ch	-2	2	dB	1

#### Notes:

- 1. Over operating temperature range
- 2. Over full operating temperature range
- 3. Due to measurement accuracy of different single mode fibers, there could be an additional +/-1 dB fluctuation, or a +/- 3 dB total accuracy.
- 4. Ch1~Ch4

### **Mechanical Dimensions**







## **Ordering Information**

Part Number	Product Description
QSP-100BD89-H1CLS	100Gbps, Bi-Directional, 850 / 900nm, LC Connector, 70m on OM3/100m on OM4, with DDM

### **ESD**

This transceiver is specified as ESD threshold 1kV for high speed data pins and 2kV for all others electrical input pins, tested per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015.4 /JESD22- A114-A (HBM). However, normal ESD precautions are still required during the handling of this module. This transceiver is shipped in ESD protective packaging. It should be removed from the packaging and handled only in an ESD protected environment.

## **Laser Safety**

This is a Class 1 Laser Product according to EN 60825 -1:2014. This product complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated (June 24, 2007).

Caution: Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

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